

**:03** •

(u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

•  $\mathbb{N}$  n u<sub>n+2</sub> = 2u<sub>n+1</sub> - u<sub>n</sub> u<sub>1</sub> = 7 u<sub>0</sub> = 10

•  $\mathbb{N}$  n u<sub>n</sub> u<sub>4</sub> u<sub>3</sub> u<sub>2</sub> -أ

(u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub> -2006 ب-

**-(3) المتتاليات المكبورة و المتتاليات المصغورة:**

:\_\_\_\_\_ •

•  $\mathbb{N}$  n u<sub>n</sub> =  $\frac{3n - 4\sqrt{n} + 1}{n + 1}$  : (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : -1 < u_n < 3$  :

:\_\_\_\_\_ •

• m < M M m (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n \leq M$  : M (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : m \leq u_n$  : m

(u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

0 (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub> :\_\_\_\_\_ •

• 0

**:01** •

•  $\mathbb{R}_+^*$  α (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : |u_n| \leq \alpha$

**:04** •

•  $b_n = n - \sqrt[3]{n^3 - 1} / n \geq 1$  a<sub>n</sub> =  $\sqrt{n} (\sqrt{n^2 - 1} - \sqrt{n^2 + 1}) / n \geq 1$

• c<sub>n</sub> =  $\frac{2n^2 - n + 1}{n^2 + 1} / n \geq 0$

(c<sub>n</sub>) (b<sub>n</sub>) (a<sub>n</sub>)

**-I عموميات:**

:\_\_\_\_\_ - (1)

•  $\mathbb{R}$  (N\*) N u

u<sub>n</sub> u u(n) N n

• (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub> (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n∈N</sub> u

• n + 1 u<sub>n</sub> ... u<sub>1</sub> u<sub>0</sub>

:\_\_\_\_\_ - (2)

• N (3<sup>n</sup> - 2n)<sub>n≥0</sub> (n - √n<sup>2</sup> + 1)<sub>n≥0</sub>

• N\*  $\left(\frac{2}{n\sqrt{n}}\right)_{n \geq 1}$   $\left(n \sin \frac{1}{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$

• I = {n ∈ N / n ≥ 3}  $\left(\frac{n^2 + 1}{\sqrt{n} - 2}\right)_{n \geq 3}$

**:01** •

• N n u<sub>n</sub> = cos  $\frac{n\pi}{3}$  : (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

**:02** •

• N n u<sub>n+1</sub> =  $\frac{1}{3}u_n + 2$  u<sub>0</sub> = 9 : (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

• u<sub>4</sub> u<sub>3</sub> u<sub>2</sub> u<sub>1</sub> : -أ

• u<sub>n</sub> = 6  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n + 3$  : N n -ب

:\_\_\_\_\_ •

• u<sub>n</sub> = f(n) n u<sub>n</sub> : \_\_\_\_\_

• N u<sub>n-2</sub> u<sub>n-1</sub> u<sub>n</sub> f : \_\_\_\_\_

• (u<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n≥0</sub>

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$\mathbb{N}^* \quad n \quad b_n = \frac{n}{\sqrt{n+1}} \quad a_n = \frac{n!}{n^n} : \quad (b_n) \quad (a_n)$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$\mathbb{R}_+ \quad f \quad u_n = f(n) : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad u_n = \frac{-2n+5}{n+1} : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$f \quad f(x) = \frac{-2x+5}{x+1} \quad u_n = f(n) :$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad \mathbb{R}_+ \subset ]-1, +\infty[ \quad ]-1, +\infty[$

**II - المتتاليات الحسابية و المتتاليات الهندسية:**

**(1) - المتتاليات الحسابية:**

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad r$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad u_{n+1} = u_n + r$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad r \text{ العدد}$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad r > 0 \quad r \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad r < 0$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$u_n = -5n + 10 : \quad \mathbb{N} \quad n$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad u_{n+1} = -5 + u_n : \quad u_{n+1} - u_n = -5 :$

$r = -5$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = \frac{2u_n + 3}{u_n + 2} \quad u_0 = 1 : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$1 \quad \sqrt{3} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad \text{ب-}$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

**(4) - المتتاليات الرتبية:**

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad u_n < u_{n+1} : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad u_n > u_{n+1} : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

$(b_n) \quad (a_n)$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad b_n = n - 4^n \quad \mathbb{N}^* \quad n \quad a_n = n + \frac{1}{n}$

$(b_n) \quad (a_n)$

**:\_\_\_\_\_ •**

**:02**

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} > 1 : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} < 1 : \quad )$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} < 1 : \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} > 1 : \quad )$

:08

•  $T = 5+16+27+\dots+2007$      $S = 6+10+14+\dots+1002$   
 •  $X_n = 1+6+11+\dots+(5n+1)$  :  $n$  -ث  
 •  $X = 1+6+11+\dots+2006$  :  
 •  $r = -2$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 1}$  -ج  
 •  $u_{17} = u_1$      $S_{17} = 1513$

:09

•  $(v_n)_{n \geq 0}$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$   
 •  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : v_n = 1 + \frac{1}{u_n}$      $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n}{1+2u_n}$      $u_0 = \frac{1}{2}$   
 •  $v_0 = r$      $(v_n)_{n \geq 0}$  -أ  
 •  $\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad n \quad u_n \quad v_n$  -ب

(2) - المتتاليات الهندسية:

•  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  : \_\_\_\_\_  
 •  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$      $q$      $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = q u_n$   
 •  $u_n = \frac{2^{3n}}{3^{2n}}$  :  $\mathbb{N} \quad n$  : \_\_\_\_\_

:07

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n u_{n+2} = u_{n+1}^2$  :  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$   
 •  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : u_{n-1} u_{n+1} = u_n^2$

:08

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n = u_0 q^n$  :  $q$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$   
 •  $\forall (n, p) \in \mathbb{N}^2 : u_n = u_p q^{n-p}$  :

:06

(E) :  $\cos x + \sin x = 0$

$r$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

:04

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{u_n + u_{n+2}}{2} = u_{n+1}$  :  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : \frac{u_{n-1} + u_{n+1}}{2} = u_n$

:05

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n = u_0 + n.r$  :  $r$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$   
 •  $\forall (n, p) \in \mathbb{N}^2 : u_n = u_p + (n-p)r$  :

:07

•  $(v_n)_{n \geq 0}$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$   
 $\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad v_n = 2^n u_n$  :  $\begin{cases} u_0 = -1; u_1 = 1 \\ u_{n+2} = u_{n+1} - \frac{u_n}{4}; \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$

•  $r$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  -أ  
 •  $n \quad a_n \quad u_n \quad n$  -ب

:06

•  $S_n = u_0 + u_1 + \dots + u_{n-1}$      $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

•  $S_n = n \cdot \frac{u_0 + u_{n-1}}{2}$  :  $n \geq 1$

•  $\forall (n, p) \in \mathbb{N}^2 / p < n : u_p + u_{p+1} + \dots + u_n = \frac{(n-p+1) \cdot (u_p + u_n)}{2}$

•  $r$      $u_0$      $S_n$  : \_\_\_\_\_

•  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : S_n = n u_0 + \frac{n(n-1)r}{2}$

**:13**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n = (-2)^n + 3n + 1 : (x_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$S = x_0 + x_1 + \dots + x_n : n$

**(3)- دراسة المتتاليات  $(u_n)$  بحيث  $u_{n+1} = au_n + b$**

$u_{n+1} = au_n + b \quad u_0 \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

حيث  $a \in \mathbb{R}^*$

$r = b$  إذا كان  $a = 1$  فإن  $u_{n+1} = u_n + b$  إذن  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$q = a$   $(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad u_{n+1} = au_n : b = 0$

$\alpha = \frac{b}{a-1} \quad ax + b = x \quad \alpha \quad a \neq 1 :$

$a \quad (u_n - \alpha)_{n \geq 0} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} - \alpha = a(u_n - \alpha) :$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n = a^n (u_0 - \alpha) + \alpha :$

**III- نهاية متتالية عددية:**

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n \quad +\infty \quad n \quad (u_n)$

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$(u_n)$

\_\_\_\_\_ •

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = -\infty \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} -u_n = +\infty \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = L \Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} (u_n - L) = 0$

**(1)- نهايات متتاليات مرجعية:**

$(u_n)$	$n^\alpha / \alpha \in \mathbb{Q}_+^*$	$q^n / q > 1$	$n^\alpha / \alpha \in \mathbb{Q}_-^*$	$q^n / -1 < q < 1$
$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n$	$+\infty$	$+\infty$	$0$	$0$

**:10**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : v_n = 3u_n - 2 \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = 1 - \frac{u_n}{2} \quad u_0 = 3$

$q \quad (v_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad -أ$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad n \quad u_n \quad v_n \quad -ب$

**:11**

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad v_n = u_{n+1} - \frac{u_n}{2} \quad \begin{cases} u_0 = -1; u_1 = 1 \\ u_{n+2} = u_{n+1} - \frac{u_n}{4}; \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$

$q \quad (v_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad -أ$

$\mathbb{N} \quad n \quad n \quad u_n \quad v_n \quad -ب$

**:09**

$n \quad S_n = u_0 + u_1 + \dots + u_{n-1} \quad q \neq 1 \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : S_n = u_0 \cdot \frac{1-q^n}{1-q} : n \geq 1$

$\forall (n, p) \in \mathbb{N}^2 / p < n : u_p + u_{p+1} + \dots + u_n = u_p \cdot \frac{1-q^{n-p+1}}{1-q} :$

**:12**

$q \quad u_9 = 512 \quad u_4 = 16 \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad -أ$

$S_6$

$q = 2 \quad u_1 = 7 \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad -ب$

$u_n \quad S_n = 1785 : \mathbb{N}^*$

$\mathbb{N}^* \quad q = \frac{1}{3} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad -ج$

$u_1 \quad (1) : \begin{cases} u_n = 27 \\ S_n = 3267 \end{cases}$

$(q = \frac{1}{2} \quad n+1 \quad u_n)$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : |u_n - 2| = \frac{1}{2^n}$  : إذن

و بما أن :  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2^n} = 0$  ، فإن :  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = 2$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(-3)^n + 2 \cdot \cos n}{4^n}$  : حدد النهاية : **15**

**12**

$(u_n)$

$\mathbb{N} \quad k \quad (w_n) \quad (v_n)$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} w_n = L \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = L$  :  $\forall n \geq k : w_n \leq u_n \leq v_n$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} w_n = +\infty \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = +\infty$  و  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n = -\infty \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = -\infty$

$(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  : **16**

$v_n = \frac{1}{n + \sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{n + \sqrt{2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n + \sqrt{n}} \quad u_n = \frac{2n^2 - 3 \cdot \sin n}{n^2 + 1}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{2n^2 - 3}{n^2 + 1} \leq u_n \leq \frac{2n^2 + 3}{n^2 + 1}$  : أ-

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : \frac{n}{n + \sqrt{n}} \leq v_n \leq \frac{n}{n + 1}$  : ب-

$(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  : **17**

$v_n = n(\sqrt{n} - 2) \tan\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) \quad u_n = \frac{3^n - 5^n}{1 + 2^n}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : u_n \leq -\frac{1}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^n$  : أ-

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n \quad (k \in \mathbb{N}) \quad \forall n \geq k : v_n > \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2}$  : ب-

$q \leq -1$  : **14**

$(q^n)$

$(v_n) \quad (u_n) \quad (b_n) \quad (a_n)$

$v_n = \frac{\pi^n - 3^n}{\pi^n + 3^n} \quad u_n = \frac{1 + 4^n}{1 - 4^n} \quad b_n = \frac{-3}{(1 + 10^{-11})} \quad a_n = \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}}\right)^n$

**10**

$f \quad u_n = f(n)$

$(u_n)$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = L : \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = L \quad [k, +\infty[$

$L$

$(v_n)_{n \geq 3} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$v_n = \frac{4 - n^2}{\sqrt{n} - 2} \quad u_n = n - \sqrt[3]{n^3 + 1}$

(2) - مصاديق تقارب متتالية عددية:

$(u_n)$

**11**

$\forall n \geq k : |u_n - L| \leq v_n : \mathbb{N} \quad k \quad L \quad (v_n)$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n = 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = L$  :

$u_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n}$  : نعتبر المتتالية  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$u_n = \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = 2 - \frac{1}{2^n}$  :

**(3)- الترتيب و نهايات المتتاليات:****13** $(k \in \mathbb{N}) \quad \forall n \geq k : u_n \leq v_n :$  $(v_n) \quad (u_n)$ فإن :  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n \leq \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} v_n$ 

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. فنهايتها تكون موجبة ( )

 $(u_n)$ 

. فنهايتها تكون سالبة ( )

و  $(u_n)$ **(4)- تقارب المتتاليات الرتيبة:****14**.  $L \leq \beta \quad L \quad \beta$  $(u_n)$ .  $L \geq \alpha \quad L \quad \alpha$  $(u_n)$ 

\_\_\_\_\_ •

 $(u_n)$  $(u_n)$ **18**.  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{u_n}{2} \quad u_0 = 1 :$  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$ أ-  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : 1 \leq u_n < 2 :$ ب-  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$ **(5)- المتتاليات المتحادية:**

\_\_\_\_\_ •

نقول إن متتاليتين  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  و  $(v_n)_{n \geq 0}$  متحاديتان إذا كانت  $(u_n)_{n \geq 0}$  تزايدية و  $(v_n)_{n \geq 0}$  تناقصية و تحقق الشرطان :.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} (v_n - u_n) = 0$  و  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n \leq v_n$ 

\_\_\_\_\_ •

. متتاليتين متحاديتين فإنهما متقاربتان و لهما نفس النهاية

\_\_\_\_\_ •

:  $(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1}$ 

$$v_n = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n-1} \quad u_n = \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n}$$

$$(u_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : u_{n+1} - u_n = \frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n+2)} :$$

$$(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : v_{n+1} - v_n = -\frac{1}{2n(2n+1)} \quad \text{و ، إذن}$$

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : u_n < v_n : \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : v_n - u_n = \frac{1}{2n} :$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} (v_n - u_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2n} = 0 :$$

 $(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1}$ **19** •

$v_1 = 12 \quad u_1 = 1 :$

 $(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1}$ 

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}^* : v_{n+1} = \frac{u_n + 3v_n}{4} \quad u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n + 2v_n}{3}$$

.  $\mathbb{N}^* \quad n \quad x_n = v_n - u_n$  لتكن المتتالية العددية التي حددها العام.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} x_n$  بين أن متتالية هندسية و حدد أساسها و حدها الأول ، ثم إستنتجب-  $(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1}$ .  $\mathbb{N}^* \quad n \quad y_n = 3u_n + 8v_n$  ج-  $(y_n)_{n \geq 1}$ .  $(v_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 1} \quad (y_n)_{n \geq 1}$ -IV **دراسة المتتاليات الترجعية**  $u_{n+1} = f(u_n)$ **15** •

$$I \quad (u_n) \quad I \quad f$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} f(u_n) = b : \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = b \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = a$$

-V- دراسة المتتاليات بحيث  $(u_n)$   $u_{n+2} = au_{n+1} + bu_n$

$(E) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+2} = au_{n+1} + bu_n$

$(E_0) : x^2 - ax - b = 0$

$(E) : \Delta = a^2 + 4b$

$(E)$	$(E_0)$
$u_n = \alpha q_1^n + \beta q_2^n / (\alpha, \beta) \in \mathbb{R}^2$	$q_2 \quad q_1$ ( $\Delta > 0$ )
$u_n = (\alpha n + \beta) q_0^n / (\alpha, \beta) \in \mathbb{R}^2$	$q_0$ ( $\Delta = 0$ حالة )
$u_n = (\alpha \cos n\theta + \beta \sin n\theta) q^n$ $(\alpha, \beta) \in \mathbb{R}^2$	$(\Delta < 0)$ $\bar{z} = [q, -\theta] \quad z = [q, \theta]$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+2} = 5u_{n+1} - 4u_n \quad u_1 = 2 \quad u_0 = 1 : (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$\Delta = 9 : (E_0) : x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$

$q_2 = 4 \quad q_1 = 1 : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n = \alpha + \beta \cdot 4^n$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n = \frac{2+4^n}{3} : \beta = \frac{1}{3} \quad \alpha = \frac{2}{3} : u_1 = 2 \quad u_0 = 1 :$

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$u_0 \in I \quad I \quad f \quad u_{n+1} = f(u_n) \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$x \in I \quad f(x) = x \quad L \quad (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

**:20**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = \frac{2u_n}{1+u_n} \quad u_0 = \frac{1}{2} : (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$f(x) = \frac{2x}{1+x^2} : \mathbb{R} \quad f$

$f(I) \subseteq I : I = ]0,1[ \quad f \quad -\dot{1}$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n \in I : -\text{ب}$

**:21**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n}{\sqrt{2+u_n}} \quad u_0 = -\frac{1}{2} : (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+2}} : f$

$f(I) \subseteq I : I = ]-1,0[ \quad f \quad -\dot{1}$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n \in I : -\text{ب}$

**:22**

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_{n+1} = u_n^2 + 3u_n + \frac{1}{4} \quad u_0 = -1 : (u_n)_{n \geq 0}$

$f(x) = x^2 + 3x + \frac{1}{4} : \mathbb{R} \quad f$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : u_n \in I : I = \left[-2, -\frac{1}{2}\right] \quad f(I) \subseteq I : -\dot{1}$

$(u_n)_{n \geq 0} \quad -\text{ب}$